Abstract

The purpose of this study was to compare visualization methods which may be used for PFAS site characterization, remedial performance monitoring, and forensic assessments.

PFAS groundwater concentration trends are first visualized in potential AFFF source areas.

A more detailed analysis of trends, including the potential for precursor transformations to PFAAs, was evaluated for a smaller portion of the site where former fire training activities were conducted.

Methodology

- 1. Compiled several PFAS datasets
 - South Dakota AFB
 - East Coast Navy Base
- 2. Used Visual PFASTM software to prepare radial diagram and stacked bar maps, to assess trends for different sets of chemicals, and the use of concentrations versus ratios.

Results

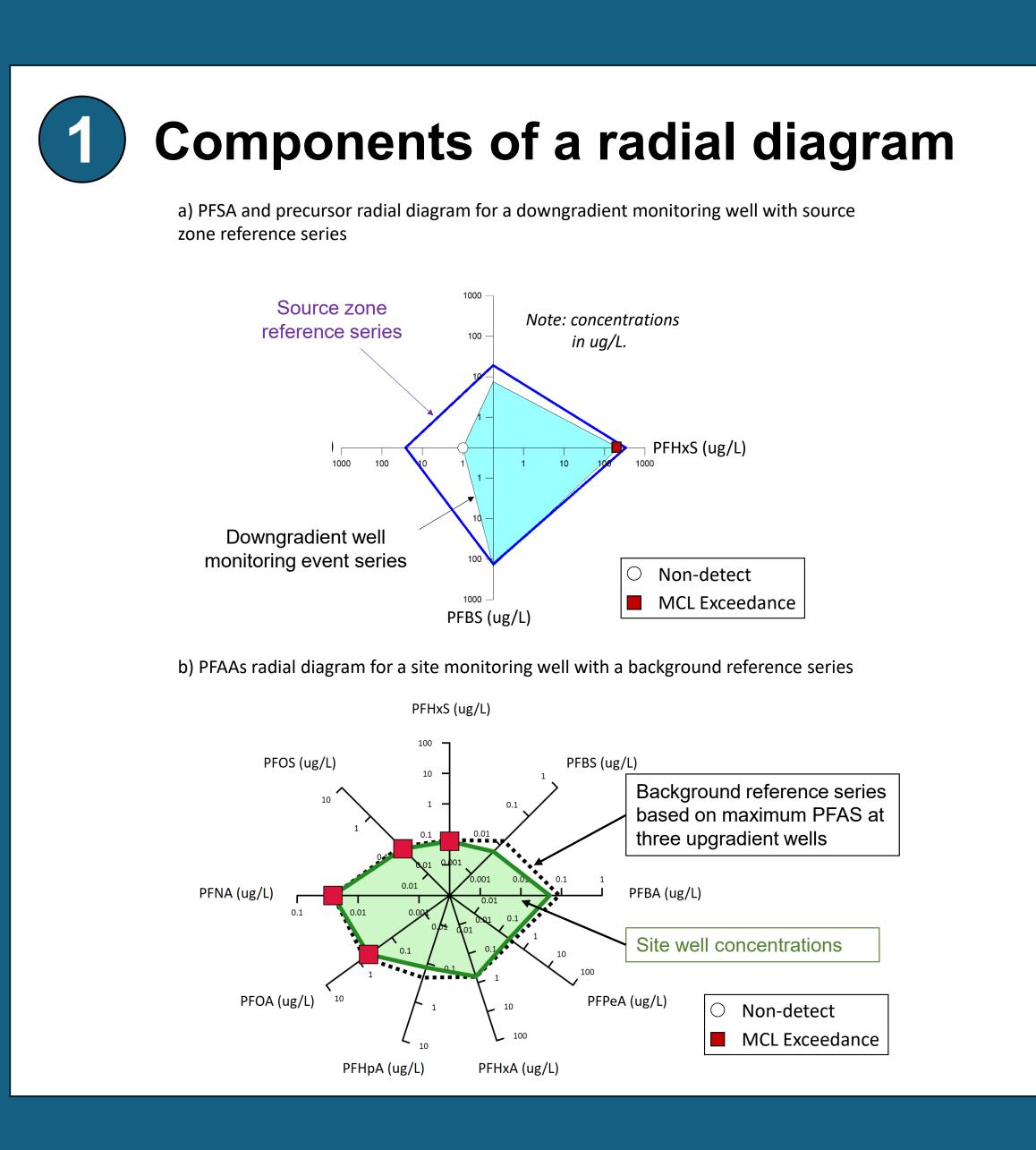
Demonstrated benefits with PFAS visualization:

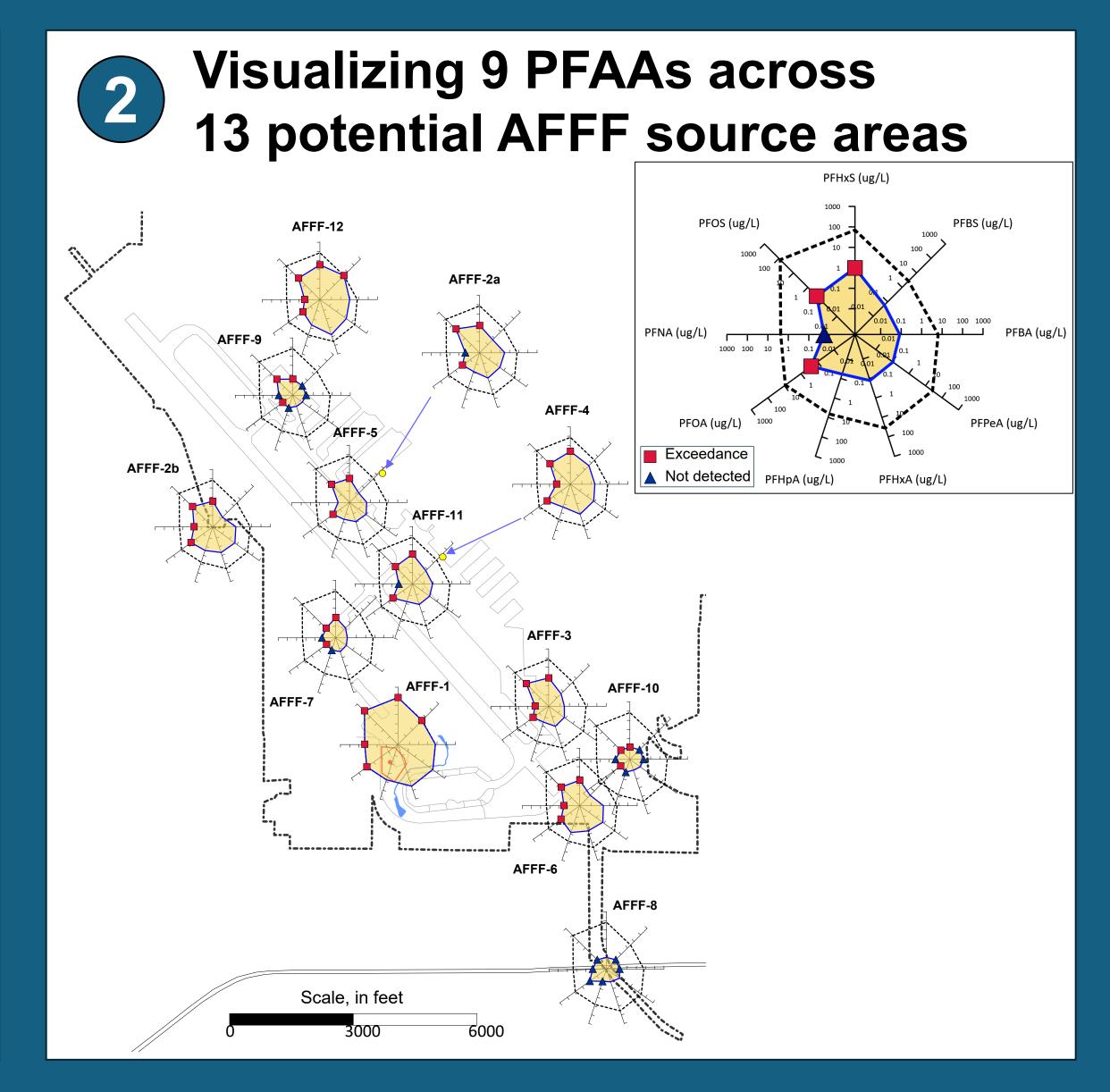
- Using reference series such as maximum source or background concentrations to improve the illustration of trends along a flow path
- Including symbols on radial diagram maps to illustrate where PFAS are non-detect or are in exceedance of site cleanup criteria, to support PFAS plume delineation
- Forensic analysis of the relative contributions of AFFF products derived from ECF versus telomerization manufacturing processes
- Used PFAS ratios on radial diagram axes to assess precursor transformation and PFAA attenuation along a flow path
- Stacked bar maps were shown to have significant advantages over pie charts for PFAS forensic analyses.

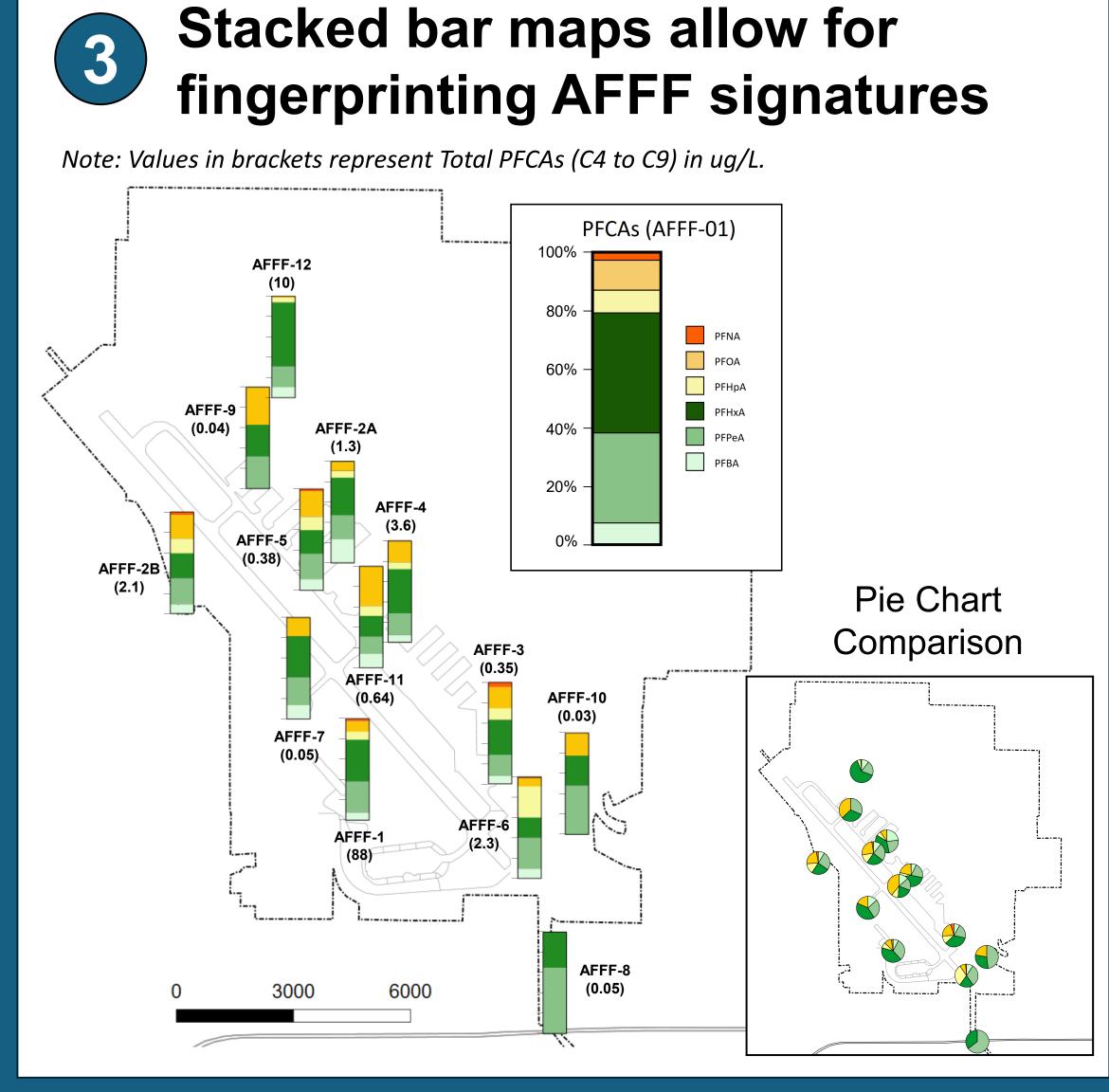
PFAS Visualization for Site Characterization, Remedy Performance Monitoring, and Forensic Analysis

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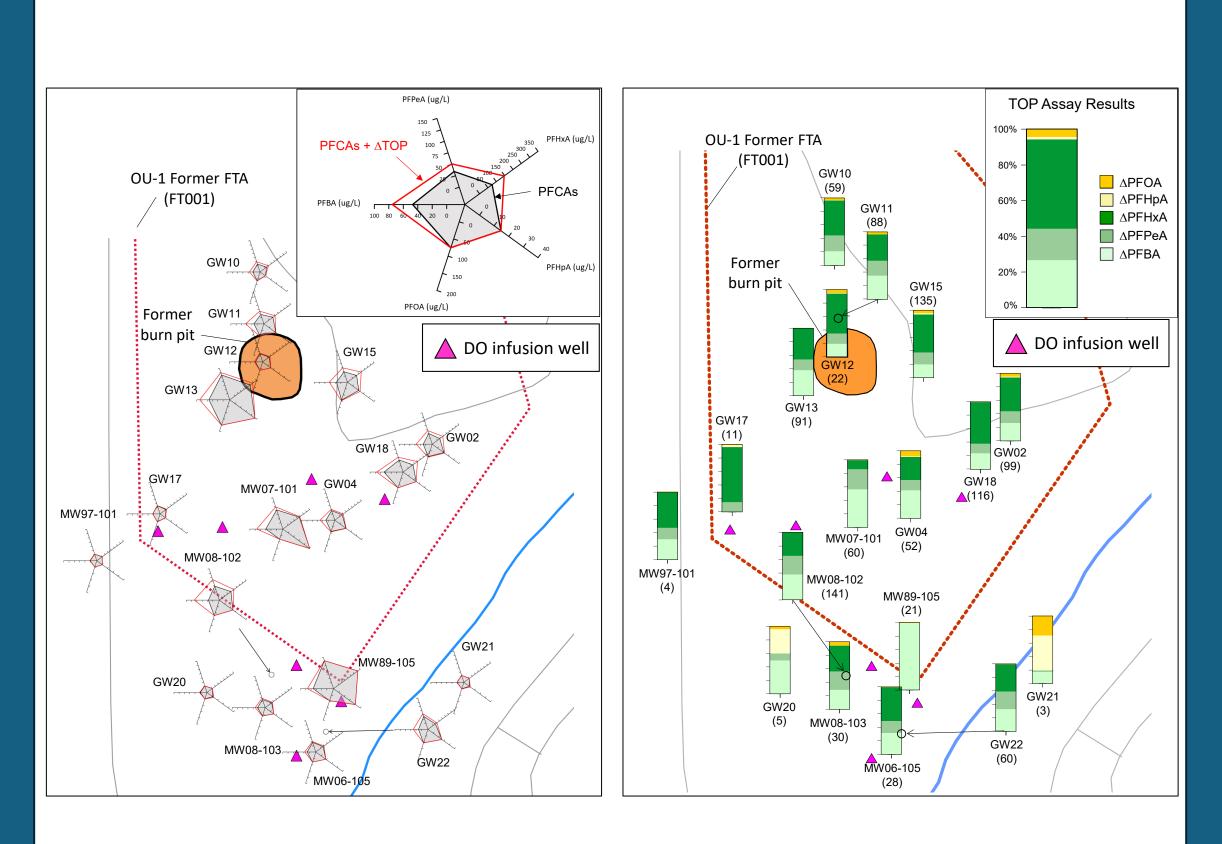
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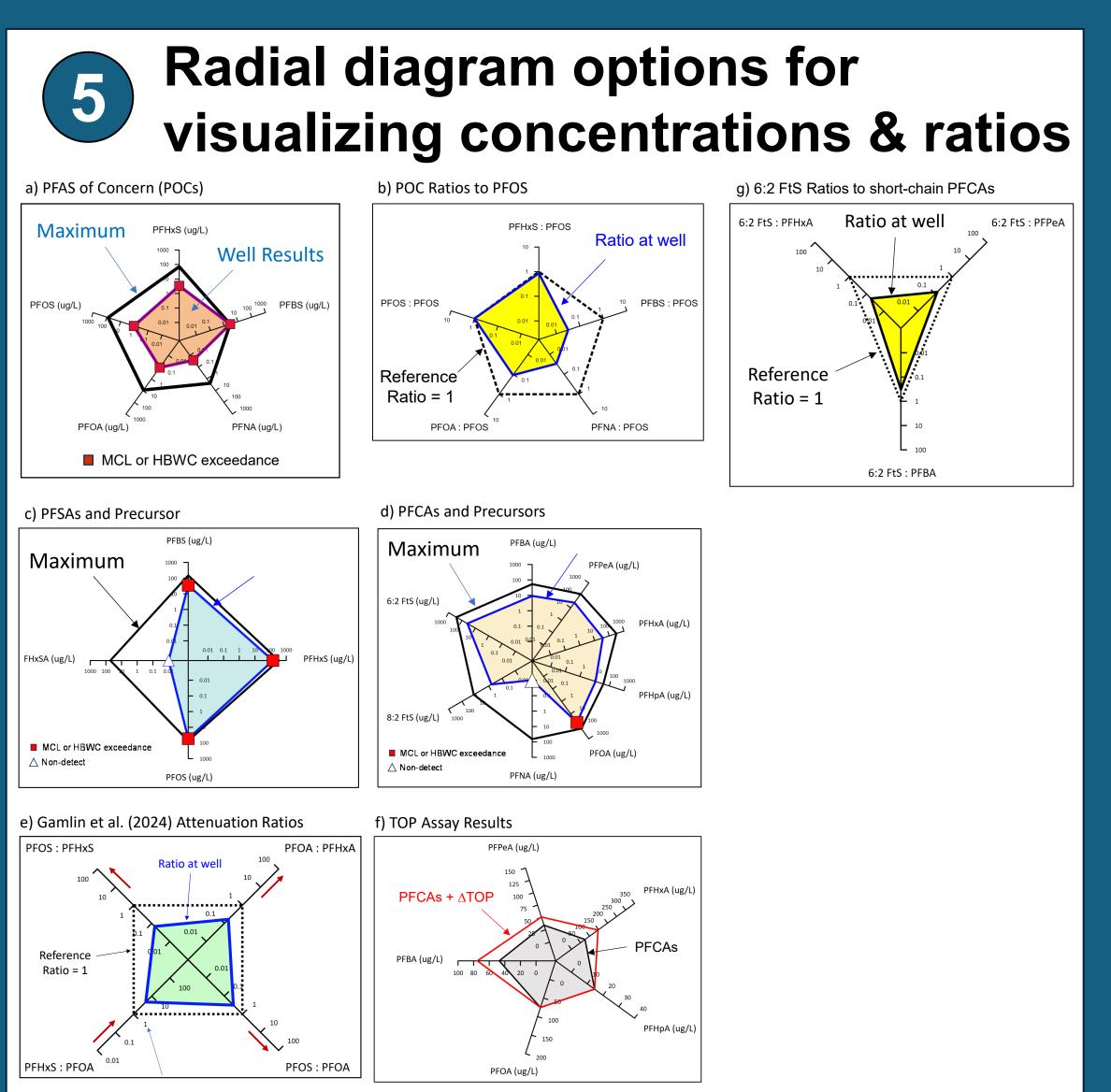


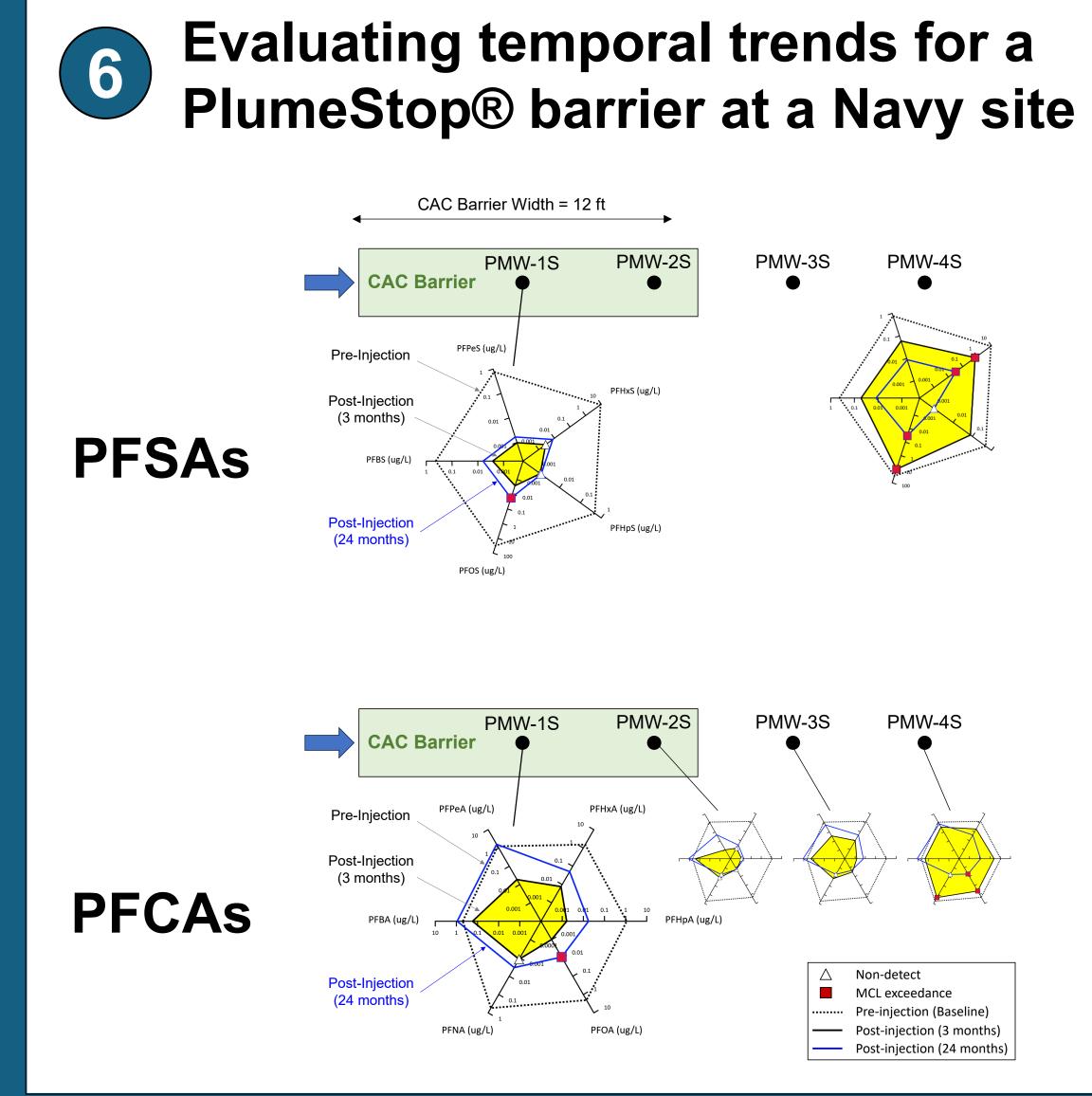




Visualizing TOP assays with radial diagram and stacked bar maps at former fire training area (OU-1)







PFAS visualization using radial diagram and stacked bar maps facilitates visualization of 5-10 chemical trends on a single map. These visual aids will improve conceptual site models, and communication with non-technical audiences.

